

The Buyers group interests in a PCP for their needs solution: Autonomous Province of Trento



Introduction to ANTISUPERBUGS : A Pre-commercial Procurement (PCP) developing ICT solutions for detecting resistant microorganisms in health-care environments - HEALTHIO Health & Innovation (Barcelona, May 4, 2017)





Autonomous Province of Trento







Population	536,967 * (60,6 M)
GDP per head	32,000 € (23,467 €)
Unemployment rate 6.9 % (11.5 %) (* 2010 figures; July 2012: Italy = 10,7; EU27 = 10,4)	
Tourist day stays	29.8 M

Birth rate (x 1,000)	10.0 (9.1)
Life expectancy*	M = 81.2 yrs (80.2)
(*at birth, 2014 figures)	F = 86 yrs (84.9)
Infant mortality rate	2.3 x 1,000 (3,6 x 1,000)

^ Corresponding figures for Italy in brackets





Health Service

- Administratively, the Province enjoys a large degree of autonomy in the sectors of health, education and research, welfare and transport infrastructure
- The instrumental entity of the provincial administration responsible for health is the Healthcare Trust of the Autonomous Province of Trento, single public authority with an annual budget of 1.2 billion euro
- Regional health policies enacted by the Department of Health and Social Policies support the development of integrated models of care and smart ICT solutions
- Provincial strategy for dialogue and collaboration between healthcare services, academia, research organizations – i.e. Bruno Kessler Foundation – and private companies





12/05/2017



HAI in Trento

- Multiple analytical tools for monitoring and reporting in place at hospital/unit level (i.e. infection, antibiotics consumption, prevention practices compliance, microbial resistance)
- Systematic participation to national and international campaigns (i.e. *clean care is safer care*) and surveys – research projects
- Current priorities: education, procedures and tools for appropriate management of antibiotics, strengthening of surveillance systems







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*PPS data representativeness was poor in Austria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Estonia, Norway and Romania and very poor in Denmark and Sweden.



Needs detected



Content-specific

- **1. Detection** of **antibiotic resistant bacteria** and **alert systems** (real-time and through different signal types/devices)
- 2. Monitoring of contamination/association of microorganisms with particular surfaces/media
- 3. Surveillance of infections in **patients at risk** and clinical decision support systems

General issues

- Applicability to different clinical settings (i.e. outpatients)
- Integration with existing practices and systems sharing of information with the Electronic Health Records







Content-specific

- Engaging all stakeholders of the health system in defining PCP requirements and testing the foreseen solutions
- Setting up PCP requirements open to an **high range** of **targets** and **innovative solutions**
- Implementing time optimization and risk management strategies in handling the PCP

General issue

Adopting a comprehensive assessment strategy addressing the effects of the new technology; final aim should be to inform national/regional decision-making to support value-based solutions and practices for prevention, management and control of nosocomial infections







Thank you

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